# **Final Action Research Report 2014**

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- 1. Title: Integrating Four Language Skills in Reading
- 2. Teaching Context
- (1) Class size: 3-5,6 selected liberal arts class( 5 boys and 8 girls ) and science class ( 9 boys and 6 girls )
   3-5 selected liberal arts class (11 boys and 19 girls)
- (2) Subject: Reading (4 lessons a week for 3-5,6)
  - Elective English (2 lessons a week for 3-5)
- (3) Textbook: New Stream Reading Course (Zoshindo) for reading
   All New Easy True Stories 2 (Pearson Longman) for reading
   Comprehensive English 16 (Yamaguchi shoten) for elective English
- (4) Level of the students: Low level third year students in senior high school
- (5)Problems I face:
  - 1) The students' English abilities are quite diverse and most of them are low.
  - 2) Most students are not motivated to learn English.
  - 3) The textbook does not provide activities to integrate four skills.

3. Goal:

- (1) To make a positive English environment in the classroom for students to use English and make errors through pair or group work.
- (2) To help students improve their English competence through the activities integrating four skills.
- (3) To enable the students to talk about familiar topics with a partner in English for two minutes and thirty seconds.
- (4) To enable the students to write an English essay about a familiar topic in more than 80 words.

4. What I did:

- (1)The activities students did in every class using the required textbook or All New Easy True Stories in reading class.
- ①English target sheet:
- 1) Students wrote their English target at the beginning of the class and reflected to what extent they achieved it at the end of the class.
- ② Pre Reading activity:
  - 1) Students talked about a topic related to each unit in pairs.
  - 2) Students guessed the story seeing the pictures of True Stories in pairs.
- ③ While Reading activity:
  - 1) Students matched nine sentences with nine pictures of True Stories.
  - 2) Silent reading.
- 3) Students answered some questions related to vocabulary, comprehension, connection, and summary.
- 4) Reading the passage aloud.
- ④ Post reading activity:
- 1) Students answered a few questions related to the topic of the unit and interviewed classmates. This activity was followed by an essay writing and timed conversation.

(2)The special activities

① Questionnaire:

In order to know students' current ability to command English, I asked them to answer a questionnaire about the four skills in April, July, and November.

② Extensive Reading:

Students of the elective English class (3-5) experienced "Extensive Reading" eight times. As we had only 89 books (Oxford Graded Readers, Penguin books for beginners, and Foundation Reading Library), I became a member of the Extensive Reading Association, I was able to borrow 284 books and shared them with my students. In the class they read their favorite books, wrote a report, and had a book talk in pairs.

③ Essay Writing:

Students wrote about "My favorite food" as a post reading activity and did peer editing in groups in June and "My best memory of Bisai High School and thank you message" in October. They had three steps to complete their essays.

<sup>O</sup>The procedure of an essay writing:

- 1. At first most students wrote only one sentence like: "My favorite food is  $\sim$  because it is  $\sim$ ."
- 2. They didn't know how to continue their essay, so I gave them three model essays written by an ALT. Students wrote their first drafts.
- 3. Next I had them make a group of four and do peer editing. Students read three essays of

other members, wrote some comments, and asked at least one question. Many students wrote them in Japanese because they couldn't put their words into English.

4. Students wrote the second draft answering the questions and had an activity where they tried

hard to correct common errors. Even after answering the questions from their friends, the total number of the written words was less than 60 words. So I provided them with more questions to have my students hit upon new ideas to write on.

5. Finally students completed final draft and most of them wrote up to 60 English words at least.

The procedure of the essay writing in October was the same style as the one in June, but students were requested to write more than 80 words in the essays. I also made a questionnaire to know about the problems with the writing activity students had and surveyed them. You can see the result of the questionnaire in 5. Result section in this report.

#### ④ Speaking Test:

Students had a speaking test on "My favorite food" in June and "My best memory of Bisai High School and thank you message" in October. They had practiced pair talk many times at the beginning of the class. I showed them the criteria and a model dialogue which included five conversation strategies: opener, rejoinder, shadowing, follow–up question, and closing. Asking follow-up question was focused on in October. Students enjoyed the speaking tests. After each speaking test students evaluated their own performance.

**(5)** Recording and Transcription:

In the last speaking test, all performances were recorded by 9 ipads. In the next class all the students experienced transcribing what they had said during the test for the first time. They wrote down their words enthusiastically and then corrected the errors they made.

#### (1)Writing

I attempted the essay writing as a post reading activity in the reading class in June and October. Most students in Class 5 and 6 experienced essay writing four times up to now. A writing activity was the last thing students wanted to do because of their lack of knowledge of English vocabulary and sentence structure. Tables 1 to 3 represented the change of the number of words students wrote in June and October in 2014. Table 1 shows the number of the English words students wrote in their essays from the first draft to the final draft in June 2014, and Table 2 shows the one in October 2014. The numbers written in italics shows the number of the words students wrote.

Table 1	: Class	s 3-5				n	=13	the nu	umber	of wo	ords w	ritten	In J	une, 2014
Ss' No.	3501	3503	3504	3506	3509	3513	3514	3515	3517	3521	3524	3526	3527	
1 <sup>st</sup> draft	36	36	33	41		56	56	26	80		76	44	21	Ave. 46
2 <sup>nd</sup> draft				60		104	86	68	80	104	117	87	65	
Final	40	50	50	65	44	107	73	68	79	104	117	87	65	Ave. 73

①Students comments on Fun Essays in June, 2014

• I didn't expect that talking about my favorite food in English was so interesting.

• I came to write a longer essay.

• Though writing English essay was difficult, I could complete the essay by using a

dictionary or asking my friends some questions.

• I enjoyed this writing activity because the topic was related to what I like.

Table 2	: Class	s 3-5				1	n=13	th	e num	ber of	words	in essa	ay in Oc	tober, 2014
Ss' No.	3501	3503	3504	3506	3509	3513	3514	3515	3517	3521	3524	3526	3527	
1 <sup>st</sup> draft		86	84	84	106	129	61	80	74	83	81	93	57	Ave.85
2 <sup>nd</sup> draft		94	95	92	106	149	131	93	86	87	98	114	83	
Final		94	95	92	106	160	144	121	86	87	98	128	83	Ave.107

When you compare the numbers in Table 1 with the ones in Table 2, you can find the numbers increasing in Table 2. The reasons for this were: students were getting used to writing essays, and given adequate instructions in scaffolding. I spent more class hours instructing how to complete the essays than last year. I myself was getting used to teaching writing.I found that if I asked students to write more they tried hard to accomplish the goal. Writing English essays seemed the most difficult activity to my students, so I conducted a survey on the writing activity.

(2) The result of a questionnaire on the writing activity 3-5,6 n=26 In July, 2014

Q1 How many time	es have you written ar	n essay in English	class?	
The titles are: "M	ly favorite cartoon,"	"My favorite thing	g," and "My favorite food	"
Twice: 2	1% Three times:	79%		
Q2 Did the number	of words increase ev	ery time you revis	ed your essay?	
Yes: 429	% No:	58%		
Q3 Do you think es	say writing is useful	in developing you	r English competence?	
Yes, very	much, Yes, a litt	le, No, I don't		
28%	68%	4%		
Q4 What do you use	e when you write an	English essay. ( m	ultiple choices allowed)	
Dictionary, Te	extbook, Model es	say, Internet,	Classmates' essay	
73%	16% 38%	31%	8%	
Ask friends,	Ask teacher			
31%	15%			

Others (line	e 8% automa	atic translatic	n, brothers	& sisters)
Q5 In what learn	ning environm	nent do you p	refer to write	your essay?
(1)Who	Alone:	35% (I ca	n concentrate	on my work.)
	In pairs:	19% (I ca	n ask my parti	ner.)
	In a group:	46% (I ca	n get many ide	eas.)
(2)Where	In the class:	68% (I car	n ask my teach	ner or friends.
			I	can concentrate on writing.)
	At home:	32% (The	re are many re	esources I can refer to.
			I can use a	smart phone. I feel relaxed.)
Q6 What topics	are you famil	iar with when	n you write an	•
Friends, 15%	Family, C 0%	lub activity, 28%	High school 28%	(Multiple choices allowed) life, Travel, Hobby 4% 69%
				n, Ideal boyfriend/ girlfriend
0%	-	19%	27%	0%
			favorite chara	
Q7 What knowl	•	• •		
				(Multiple choices allowed)
Vocabulary		Spelling,	•	various knowledge
88%	81%	31%	27%	8%
Q8 What is diffi	•	-		
Word o	,	,	How to conne	ect sentences
40%		19%	5% ing what do y	au da?
Q9 When you h	ave problems	m essay writ	ing, what do y	(Multiple choices allowed)
I consult a	dictionary I	ask my frier	d. Lask my	teacher. I leave it undone.
	6%	46%	31%	
Q10 What supp	ort do you nee	d to accomp	ish essay writ	
Sample	•	her's advice,	•	-
35	5%	12%	12%	
			-	es, A fill-in-the-blank type
C	uestion, Ele	etric dictiona	ry, translatio	on machine, Smart phone)

Through the result of the questionnaire ② I realized again that more comprehensible instructions with scaffolding were needed for students to practice writing essays. Here you can see the students' comments on essay writing in October.

③Students' comments on essay writing n=28 (Number of the student) In October, 2014

**Positive comments** It was fun.(11) I didn't expect that it was such an enjoyable activity to talk about my favorite things to others.(2) It was a useful activity.(2) I could complete my essay consulting my dictionary or with the help of my friends.(2)

I could review vocabulary and grammar. My vocabulary increased. I could write a longer essay. Negative comment

It was difficult.(3)

While I was checking students' compositions, I wondered how much corrective feedback students want to have rather than fluency, so I conducted a questionnaire regarding essay writing. There were three questions related to accuracy, correction, and instruction.

(4)A questionnaire on accuracy in writing	Class3-5	n=12	In October, 2014
(1)Which do you think is a more important	nt factor for Eng	glish comp	position?
A: the number of the words (58%)	B: accuracy	y	(42%)
(2)Do you want all the errors corrected in	your essay?		
A: Yes (92%)	B: No, not al	1.	(8%)
(3)Which practice improves writing more	?		
A: Writing essays on various topics			(25%)
B: The teacher teaches students how to	correct sentence	e structure	e. (75%)
Class 3-6		n=14	In October, 2014
(1)Which do you think is a more important	nt factor for Eng	glish comp	oosition?
A: the number of the words (71%)	B: accuracy		(29%)
(2)Do you want all the errors corrected in	your essay?		
A: Yes (64%)	B: No, not all.		(36%)
(3)Which practice improves writing more	?		
A: Writing essays on various topics			(36%)
B: The teacher teaches students how to co	rrect sentence	structure.	(64%)

The result showed that forty-two percent of the students in Class 3-5 answered that they had a priority of accuracy to fluency, and 29 % in Class 3-6 did. While 92 % of the students in Class 3-5 wanted their essays to be corrected completely, 64 % in Class3-6 did. The students of selected liberal arts class were more concerned about the accuracy than the students of science class did. And more than 64 % of the students thought correcting errors was more important for developing their writing ability than making essays on various topics in both classes. I was surprised to know that so many students wanted error free compositions. Why did students ask for accuracy? That may be because teachers had been asking for years and this practice might hold up the development of students' writing ability. They said that they wanted to memorize correct sentences when they spoke English. I will provide my students with more opportunities to write down their ideas to make them fluent writers because it takes quite a long time for them to acquire accuracy in English compositions.

(2)Speaking

The results of self-evaluation for speaking tests implemented in June, "My favorite food," and in October, "My best memory of Bisai Hish School," in 2014 are as follows:

3-5		n=12 in June	n=13 in October
ner. (Hi. How are	you doing?)		
Y	es		No
100	)%		0%
100	)%		0%
tions to my partn	er.		
More than 3	2	1	0
	ner. (Hi. How are Yo 100 100 tions to my partne	ner. (Hi. How are you doing?) Yes 100% 100% tions to my partner.	her. (Hi. How are you doing?) Yes 100% 100% tions to my partner.

June	92%	8%	0%	2%
October	70%	15%	15%	0%
③I answered 3	questions.			
	More than 3	2	1	0
June	83%	17%	0%	0%
October	62%	31%	7%	0%
④I shadowed w	hat my partner said	1.		
	More than 3	2	1	0
June	33%	59%	8%	0%
October	38%	38%	24%	0%
⑤I used rejoind	lers.			
	More than 3	2	1	0
June	42%	42%	8%	8%
October	31%	38%	31%	0%
<sup>6</sup> I asked follow			·	
	3 times	Twice	Once	None
October	8%	77%	5%	0%
_	er. (Nice talking wit			
	Ye	es	No	0
June	100	%	0%	6
October	100	%	0%	6
⑧I spoke clear	y in a loud voice.			
	Good	Not bad	Not good	
June	25%	67%	8%	
October	31%	62%	7%	
I made good	eye contact.			
	Good	Not bad	Not good	
June	67%	25%	8%	
October	54%	46%	0%	
10I did well.				
	Good	Not bad	Not good	
June	42%	50%	8%	
October	31%	62%	7%	
<sup>(1)</sup> I kept talking	for 2 minutes in Ju	ly		
	Ye	es	No	0
June	839	%	179	%
12I kept talking	for 2 minutes and 3	30 seconds in Oc	ctober.	
	Ye	es	No	0
October	779		239	N/

① Comments from students on speaking test in October, 2014

Positive comments	Negative comments
I enjoyed the speaking test.(6)	Shadowing was difficult.
I did well.(18)	Asking follow-up questions was
My speaking ability improves gradually. (6)	difficult.(4)
I could keep the conversation going for 2	I didn't do well.(4)
minutes and 30 seconds.(2)	I was stuck during the conversation.
I practiced many times for the speaking test.	As I was nervous, I forgot to use
I want to remember English words and	conversation strategies and my
speak English fluently.	words.(2)
I want to memorize more English words.	I should have remembered my
	words.(2)

Overall, students tried hard to ask two follow-up questions and keep the conversation going for two and a half minutes. On the other hand, as the topic was rather complicated to express, some students forgot to use rejoinders and shadowing strategies. As the students of science class were more active, the percentages of Class 3-6 were higher in October than those of Class 3-5 in every category of self-evaluation for speaking tests. Two speaking tests were insufficient to improve students' speaking ability. For the last speaking test, all students' performance were recorded on an ipad and a transcription activity was done for the first time. After the activity I asked my students to answer two questions about it.

<sup>(2)</sup>Comments from students regarding transcription of the last speaking test in October.

Q1 What did you learn from this activity? (	The number of students)	n=26
Positive comment		
Transcription was fun because it was my first et	xperience to do it.	
I enjoyed this activity.		
I could speak English well. (2)		
I could catch English and write it.		
I could learn English very well. (2)		
I could check English spelling.		
I could choose English words I wanted to say e	ven if I was nervous.	
I could speak English more smoothly and calm	y than I had expected.	
I noticed that I spoke English a lot more than I	had expected.	
I said "OK" and "Thank you" many times. (2)		
I smiled all the time without speaking English.		
I found that to write English spelling correctly	was difficult.	
I found that I didn't memorize my lines correct	ly.	
Transcription was useful because I could find m	y mistakes in spelling. (5)	
Transcription was useful to master English.		
Transcription was useful to write English accur	ately. (4)	
Transcription was useful to improve my listenir	ng ability. (3)	
I noticed that I could make good eye contact as	I had memorized my lines.	
As I practiced asking follow-up questions, my I	English competence was improve	ed.
Negative comment		

## I should have spoken in a loud voice. (2) I noticed that I couldn't speak English well. I noticed that my pronunciation wasn't good. I recognized that I didn't remember my lines well.

It was difficult to speak English even though I had memorized my words.. As my vocabulary is limited, I couldn't understand the questions my partner asked me.

Shadowing was difficult because I wasn't used to listening to English. (2)

I couldn't shadow what my partner said.

Q2 What do you want to do to improve your English ability?

In order to understand what my partner said, I need to improve my listening ability and increase my vocabulary. (3)

I want to avoid communication breakdown.

I want to write correct English spelling. (3)

I want to speak English more fluently. (3)

I want to memorize more English words. (8)

I want to listen to more English to improve my listening ability. (4)

I want to write English sentences in the right order. (4)

I want to be able to ask more follow-up questions. (3)

I try to speak English aloud.

I want to learn English accent and pronunciation.

I want to dictate the lyrics of my favorite song next time. (2)

Many students couldn't correct their errors, such as wrong usage or spelling mistakes, in their transcription sheets without their scripts. Through the transcription activity students noticed not only the usefulness of it but also their weak points in learning English, and they were motivated to develop their English ability.

Table 5 shows the result of questionnaire about the four skills conducted three times of the year, 2014.

Table 5—1 Questionnaire about the four skillsClass3-5

1 Speaking					
(1)How long	; can you talk ab	out daily topics?			
	2~3mins.fluently	2~3mins.with pause	$1\sim 2$ mins.	1minute	2 or 3 words
April	23%	8%	8%	38%	23%
July	23%	15%	15%	32%	15%
November	23%	31%	15%	23%	8%
2 Conversa	tion Strategy				
②Can you	use "openers" an	d "closers"?		I	
	Every time	Almost	Sometimes	Either of them	None
April	38%	23%	31%	8%	0%
July	38%	31%	31%	0%	0%
November	46%	46%	8%	0%	0%
③I can sha	dow my partner.				
	Many times	Several times	A few times	Once or twice	None
April	23%	15%	8%	23%	31%
July	23%	31%	15%	8%	23%

November	23%	31%	15%	23%	8%
④I can use	different kinds o	of rejoinders.			
Mo	ore than 5 kinds	$3\sim 4 \text{ kinds}$	2 kinds	1 kind	None
April	16%	16%	38%	15%	15%
July	16%	38%	15%	23%	8%
November	16%	38%	23%	23%	0%
⑤I can ask	follow-up questi	ons.			
	More than 3 Qs	2  Qs	1 Q	Sometimes 1 Q	None
April	15%	16%	8%	46%	15%
July	15%	38%	16%	23%	8%
November	15%	54%	8%	23%	0%
3 Writing					
_	te English compo	ositions about da	ily topics.		
	About 80 words	About 50 words	About 30 words	About 15 words	None
April	7%	7%	32%	16%	38%
July	15%	0%	39%	8%	38%
November	15%	24%	15%	15%	31%
4 Listenir	ng				
_	lerstand what m	v partner said.			
-	All	Almost	Half	Some	A little
April	15%	23%	23%	39%	0%
July	15%	23%	31%	31%	0%
November	15%	23%	31%	31%	0%
®I can und	lerstand what bo	th the teacher a	nd ALT said.		
-	All	Almost	Half	Some	A little
April	15%	54%	15%	8%	8%
July	23%	54%	15%	0%	8%
November	31%	46%	15%	0%	8%
5 Reading				ıI	
	lerstand the requ	uired textbook.			
	All	Almost	Half	Some	A little
April	8%	15%	46%	23%	8%
July	8%	15%	61%	8%	8%

November	8%	15%	62%	15%	0%
①I can und	lerstand True St	ory.			
	All	Almost	Half	Some	A little
April	0%	39%	15%	38%	8%
July	8%	46%	38%	8%	0%
November	15%	39%	46%	0%	0%
6 Others					
1)What En	glish competence	e do you think yo	u have acquired	?	
	Speaking	Listening	Reading	Writing	
April	15%	15%	38%	0%	
July	15%	38%	54%	15%	
November	62%	31%	54%	31%	
Table 5-2	Questionnaire	e about the four s	kills	Class3-6	
1 Speaking					
(1)How long	g can you talk ab	out daily topics?		1	
	2~3mins.fluently	2~3mins.with pause	$1\sim 2$ mins.	1minute	2 or 3 words
April	7%	20%	40%	33%	0%
July	7%	33%	33%	27%	0%
November	7%	40%	40%	13%	0%
2 Conversa	tion Strategy				
②Can you	use "openers" an	d "closers"?			
	Every time	Almost	Sometimes	Either of them	None
April	Every time 20%	Almost 60%	Sometimes 13%	Either of them 7%	None 0%
April July	•				
-	20%	60%	13%	7%	0%
July November	20% 33%	60% 47% 47%	13% 13%	7% 7%	0% 0%
July November	20% 33% 33%	60% 47% 47%	13% 13%	7% 7%	0% 0%
July November	20% <i>33%</i> <i>33%</i> dow my partner.	60% 47% 47%	13% 13% 13%	7% 7% 7%	0% 0% 0%
July November ③I can sha	20% <i>33%</i> <i>33%</i> dow my partner. Many times	60% 47% 47% Several times	13% 13% 13% A few times	7%     7%     7%     0nce or twice	0% 0% 0% None
July November ③I can sha April	20% 33% 33% dow my partner. Many times 7%	60% 47% 47% Several times 47%	13% 13% 13% A few times 13%	7% 7% 7% Once or twice 33%	0% 0% 0% None 0%
July November ③I can sha April July November	20% 33% 33% dow my partner. Many times 7% 7%	60% 47% 47% Several times 47% 67% 7 <b>3%</b>	13% 13% 13% A few times 13% 13%	7% 7% 7% Once or twice 33% 13%	0% 0% 0% None 0% 0%

April	13%	40%	34%	13%	0%
July	13%	47%	27%	13%	0%
November	13%	53%	27%	7%	0%
5)I can ask	follow-up questi	ons.			
	More than 3 Qs	$2 \mathrm{Qs}$	1 Q	Sometimes 1 Q	None
April	7%	20%	33%	33%	7%
July	7%	40%	13%	40%	0%
November	27%	40%	8%	27%	0%
3 Writing					
	te English compo	ositions about da	ily topics.		
	About 80 words	About 50 words	About 30 words	About 15 words	None
April	0%	0%	40%	47%	13%
July	6%	0%	47%	47%	0%
November	6%	7%	53%	34%	0%
4 Listenir	ıg				
	lerstand what m	y partner said.			
-	All	Almost	Half	Some	A little
April	7%	13%	67%	13%	0%
July	7%	13%	67%	13%	0%
November	7%	20%	60%	13%	0%
On can und	lerstand what bo	th the teacher a	nd ALT said.		
	lerstand what bo All	th the teacher an Almost	nd ALT said. Half	Some	A little
April				Some 20%	A little
	All	Almost	Half		
April	All 7%	Almost 27%	Half 46%	20%	0%
April July November	All 7% 7%	Almost 27% 27%	Half 46% 46%	20% 20%	0% 0%
April July November <b>5 Reading</b>	All 7% 7%	Almost 27% 27% 27%	Half 46% 46%	20% 20%	0% 0%
April July November 5 Reading	All 7% 7% 7%	Almost 27% 27% 27%	Half 46% 46%	20% 20%	0% 0%
April July November 5 Reading	All 7% 7% 7% lerstand the requ	Almost 27% 27% 27% uired textbook.	Half 46% 46% 53%	20% 20% 13%	0% 0% 0%
April July November <b>5 Reading</b> ⑨I can und	All 7% 7% 7% lerstand the requ	Almost 27% 27% 27% aired textbook. Almost	Half 46% 46% 53% Half	20% 20% 13% Some	0% 0% 0% A little
April July November <b>5 Reading</b> ⑨I can und	All 7% 7% 7% lerstand the requ All 14%	Almost 27% 27% 27% aired textbook. Almost 33%	Half 46% 53% Half 33%	20% 20% 13% Some 20%	0% 0% 0% A little 0%
April July November <b>5 Reading</b> (9 I can und April July November	All 7% 7% 7% lerstand the requ All 14% 14%	Almost         27%         27%         27%         aired textbook.         Almost         33%         33%         40%	Half 46% 53% Half 33% 33%	20% 20% 13% Some 20% 20% 20%	0% 0% 0% A little 0% 0%

April	7%	13%	53%	27%	0%
July	13%	13%	47%	27%	0%
November	13%	13%	47%	27%	0%

#### 6 Others

<sup>(1)</sup>What English competence do you think you have acquired?

	Speaking	Listening	Reading	Writing
April	53%	20%	27%	27%
July	53%	20%	27%	27%
November	60%	20%	40%	33%

We could see the students' progress in speaking and reading, especially in their reading ability in Class 3-5 thanks to the extensive reading activity.

### (3)Extensive Reading

Table 6 shows the frequency distribution of the number of the words students read. Table 6 November 2014

Table 6						n=28	Nove	mber, 20.	14
Number of words	$200\sim$	$500\sim$	$1000 \sim$	$2000\sim$	3000~	$4000 \sim$	$5000 \sim$	6000~	$7000\sim$
Number of Students	3	3	6	6	3	0	2	2	3
%	11%	11%	21%	21%	11%	0%	7%	7%	11%

① Students' comments on extensive reading: (The number of students)

n=30

I enjoyed reading various stories.(17)

I enjoyed extensive reading not only because I could understand stories but also I could enjoy colorful pictures.

Though I was very weak at English, I enjoyed ER class because there were books I could understand.

My reading speed became faster.

My vocabulary has increased. (3)

I could read my favorite book.

As the words were easy, I could understand the story.

I could guess the meaning of the words with the help of pictures.

I enjoyed the story because I could choose the book.

I enjoyed the story in English, which I had already known in Japanese.

I could read books more smoothly than the required textbook.

I could learn English with the help of pictures and easy words.

I could understand the story.

I could remember English words easily.

I could understand the story a little.

I want to have extensive reading class again.

## (4) Four skills' integration

Students have had English classes with the four skills' integration for two and a half years, and wrote the usefulness of it.

① Students' comment on English classes integrating the four skills

Positive comments
Overall
I could understand English.
I want to have more pair work activities.
Through pair work activity, I learned how to communicate in English.
My English competence improves gradually. (2)
I could transcribe my recording.
About speaking
I could improve my speaking ability. (4)
I could keep conversation going for 2 minutes and 30 seconds.
I learned many conversation strategies.
I came to be able to shadow what my partner said.
I am glad that I can speak English.
I could ask more follow-up questions than before.
I could enjoy English class because I spoke English in pairs
About listening
I could catch what my partner said. (2)
About reading
I love reading True Stories. I could improve my reading ability. (2)
I want to read English much faster.
About writing
My writing ability has developed. (2)
Negative comment
It is still difficult for me to remember English words.

(5)Observation on six students

This year I collected data in a new way and examined it as follows: I chose six students based on the score of the discrete grammar and reading tests in the first midterm. A and B got the highest points, C and D middle, and E and F the lowest of 30 students in Class 3-5. Students had two essay writing activities. One was in June and the other was in October. Their essays were evaluated according to content, accuracy, and length based on the rubric I made. Generally five students from student A to E tried hard to express their thoughts in English consulting a dictionary, making their ideas clear and understandable, and making essays longer. So their points in the content area increased in October from those in June. But, as student F was too weak to write his essay on his own, a teacher had to translate all his Japanese into English. The advanced students A and B and the intermediate students C and D could think of the basic structure of English while the beginning level students E and F couldn't write essays with the right word order even if they paid attention to English grammar. Accuracy was the most difficult category for all the students, especially for the beginners, to improve. Consulting a dictionary, weak students wrote more English words with correct spelling, but the points in accuracy in October increased only by one with student E because of incorrect grammar. Student F still couldn't work on an essay without a teacher's help. Only two essay writing assignment didn't make any difference in accuracy with weak students. The improvement was just that five students could write essays with the required word number, which was 60 words in June and 80 words in October

Students	June			October		
	Content Accuracy		Word	Content Accuracy		Word
			count			count
A T san	76543	4321	74	765432	4321	96
	2					
B I san	76543	4321	107	765432	4321	160

Table 7: The instructor's observations on the students' writingClass: 3-5

		2					
С	N san	76543	$4\ 3\ 2\ 1$	87	765432	4321	128
		2					
D	0 san	76543	$4\ 3\ 2\ 1$	68	765432	4321	121
		2					
Ε	H san	76543	$4\ 3\ 2\ 1$	65	$7\ 6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2$	4321	83
		2					
$\mathbf{F}$	Mkun	76543	4321	27	$7\ 6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2$	4321	42
		2					

Content: Evaluates how interesting, creative, and comprehensible an essay is. Accuracy: Evaluates correctness of grammar and spelling.

As for the speaking tests, two speaking tests were conducted. In the first test held in June students were supposed to keep the conversation going for two minutes, and in October for two and a half minutes. The rubric consisted of length and content, delivery, and conversation strategies. Both advanced and intermediate students A, B, C, and D achieved the goals, memorized their lines, and attempted to speak fluently and accurately while beginning level students E and F couldn't keep talking for two and a half minutes because they didn't memorize their topic sentences nor ask wh-questions using sentences. The accuracy of the beginners' level didn't improve even in October. They needed individual lessons to pronounce English words and learn English grammar. On the other hand, as they liked the speaking activity, their competence in conversation strategies improved except for follow-up questions which the beginners struggled with. And beginners tended to forget to use rejoinders. For the weak students two speaking tests weren't enough to improve their accuracy and asking follow-up questions.

Class: 3-5

Stu	udents	June			October		
		Length	Delivery	C.S.	Length	Delivery	C.S.
		&Content			&Content		
Α	T san	65432	65432	87654	65432	65432	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3
В	I san	65432	65432	87654	65432	65432	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3
С	N san	65432	65432	87654	65432	65432	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3
D	0 san	65432	65432	87654	65432	65432	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3
Ε	H san	65432	65432	87654	65432	65432	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3
$\mathbf{F}$	Mkun	65432	$6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2$	87654	65432	$6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2$	87654
		1	1	3	1	1	3

Table 8: The instructor's observations on the students' speaking

Length & Content: Students can keep conversation going for 2 minutes in July and 2

minutes 30 seconds in October. Students can ask three questions to their partner, answer three questions asked.

Delivery: It includes accuracy, fluency, eye contact, and volume.

C.S.: It means using conversation strategies, such as openers, closers, rejoinders, shadowing, and follow-up questions.

An extensive reading activity was implemented only in class number 5 because of the curriculum. In each term students had four classes for E.R, so students had eight classes up to now in total. Both numbers of the books and words increased with the five students. Though the English level of student D was rather low, she came to like extensive reading activity as soon as it was introduced,

read more books than any other students did in her class. Student F, who was the weakest student and had no interest in learning English because he didn't understand it. In the first term he read only one book because even Oxford Reading Tree graded readers level 1 contained the words he didn't know. In the second term as I borrowed various kinds of books from the Extensive Reading Association he read more books showing and talking about the pictures to nearby students. He was influenced by his classmates and began to tackle reading books which were suitable for his level

Ta	Table 9: Extensive ReadingClass: only 3-5						
St	udents	April - a	June September - November		·November		
		The number of books The number of words		The number of books	The number of words		
Α	T san	4	2,360	11	9,031		
В	I san	4	680	10	4,663		
С	N san	4	257	4	1,241		
D	0 san	8	543	21	2,282		
Ε	H san	5	914	6	596		
$\mathbf{F}$	Mkun	1	32	5	204		

#### 6. What I learned:

(1)Writing :

· I learned how difficult it was for students to spell in English and make sentences correctly. They not

only didn't know English words but neither did they know the basic sentence pattern like SVO. But, overall, students enjoyed expressing their ideas in English and sharing them with their classmates.

• If I provide students with enough input and scaffolding and proper instructions in the correct order,

they can achieve the goal of at least 80 written words.

(2)Speaking

- Most students enjoyed having speaking tests. They found that they improved their conversation strategies compared with the previous speaking tests. They learned to use follow-up question.
- · As some students couldn't memorize the English sentences they wrote, English teachers should

teach weak students how to pronounce the words and have them memorize their lines until they succeed

• Students got used to changing their seats every time they had pair work and enjoyed practicing

English conversations. The more they had practice time, the more they spoke fluently and for longer. So, if I give my students many opportunities to practice talking about the same topic in pairs, and teach conversation strategies, they will learn to speak more fluently and for longer.

• I noticed that peer-teaching occurred between upper level students and lower level students during

pair activities and speaking tests. I'd like to make the most of their mutual teaching in the class.

(3)Extensive Reading:

- Students liked extensive reading better than the reading of the required textbook and enjoyed book talks.
- Some students read books one after another enthusiastically.
- As there were various kinds of books for beginners with the running words of 20 or so, even weak

students tried to read some.

• Students tended to choose books they had already known even though they had several unknown words in them.

#### 7. Future issues

- I'll continue to have my students reflect on what they have learned on that day as often as possible to promote their learning.
- · I'll promote pair work and group work in order to activate peer teaching and learning.
- I'll make goals and syllabuses clear.

(1)Writing:

• I should give my students instruction with scaffolding to help them write English essays. I'll start to

teach them **more basic matters.** First, I will show them vocabulary related to the topic and teach them the basic sentence patterns, like S V O. Second, I will give them enough model sentences to use. Third, I'll provide them with model sentences which have some blanks. Students will be able to fill in the blanks with the words to express their ideas. Fourth, I'll give students more opportunities to do peer editing so that they will get comments, questions, and some ideas from their classmates. Lastly, I'll give students many more opportunities to write essays and have them write more than 100 words.

(2)Speaking:

· I'll show my students one target conversation strategy at a time and have them practice it one by

one, for example, rejoinders, follow-up questions, clarification. I would like to have them keep talking in pairs for three minutes.

• More speaking tests are to be provided.

(3)Extensive Reading

· As students enjoy extensive reading, I'll give them more opportunities to read easy books and to

have book talk activities. If possible, I would like to have a poster session and a reading circle activity in groups. In this case I have to revise future assessment for extensive reading.(4)Reading

(4)Reading

• I will utilize easier textbooks to have activities integrated with the four skills and to provide more

comprehensible input to students.

#### (5)Assessment

• As I will increase the performance tests, the assessment proportion for them will be increased more,

and the proportion for paper tests will be decreased.

(6)Teachers' collaboration

• In order to change the way of implementing English class from the GTM to CLT, to increase performance tests, and to change the way of assessment, teachers' collaboration is indispensable.

## Lesson Plan Reading

Terumi Yoshida

- 1. Level: The third year, Senior High School
- 2. Class size: 3-5,6 (15 boys and 13 girls)
- 3. Textbook: All New Easy TRUE STORIES 2 (PEARSON Longman) "UNIT 9 "Hawaiian Vacation"
- 4. Goal & Objectives:
- (1) The students try hard to understand the story through the 4 skills without translation, but helping and interacting with one another.
- (2) The students look at pictures, describe them in English and guess the story.
- (3) The students can understand the new vocabulary.
- (4) Students try hard to exchange their ideas with their partners in English.
- (5) The students can write and speak about "My Best Memory of Bisai High School"
- 5. Allotments:
- (1) Day 1: Pre-reading (Q&A), Predict a story with nine pictures, Match nine sentences and nine pictures, Check the answers, Read the story silently,
- (2)Day 2: Read the story silently, Answer the questions (vocabulary and comprehension), Read the story aloud.
- (3) Day 3: Discussion, Post-reading( Information exchange activity and writing) "My Best Memory of Bisai High School"
- (4)Day 4: Timed conversation. Writing Essay, "My Best Memory of Bisai High School"
- (5)Day 5: Timed conversation. Peer editing. Students write a question and a comment on three essays in the same group.
- (6)Day 6: Timed conversation. Students correct common errors.
- (7)Day 7: Timed conversation. Students answer the questions and complete the essay.
- (8)Day 8: Timed conversation. Presentation of fun essays in a group
- (9)Day 9: Speaking test
- 6. Procedure:
- (1) Day 1: Pre-reading (Q&A), Students look at a picture and describe it and guess the story in pairs. Then discuss it in a class. Students look at the nine pictures, describe them, and try to predict a story in pairs, later in the class. Next, Students match nine sentences and nine pictures and check the answers in pairs. Students read the story silently
- (2) Day 2: Q & A for review. Students read the story again silently and answer the questions in the text (vocabulary and comprehension quiz). Students read the story aloud after the teacher.
- (3)Day 3: Post-reading: Information exchange activity and writing about the topic of the discussion, "My Best Memory" Students start to write about their favorite food.
- (4)Day 4: Students start to talk about their best memory with three different partners. They write about it in as many sentences as possible.
- (5)Day 5: Students talk about their best memory with three different partners. They practice asking follow-up questions. Peer editing. Students write a question and a comment on three essays in the same group.
- (6)Day 6: Students talk about their best memory with three different partners. They practice asking follow-up questions. Students try to correct common errors, first by themselves, next in pairs, then in a whole class.
- (7)Day 7: Students talk about their best memory with three different partners. They

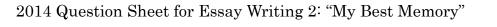
practice asking follow-up questions. They try hard to keep conversation going for two and a half minutes. Students answer the questions and complete the essay.

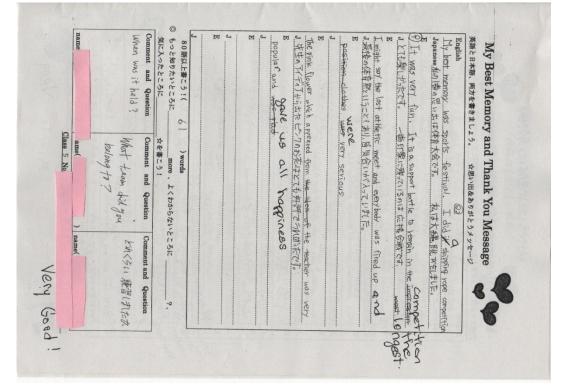
- (8)Day 8: Students talk about their best memories with three different partners. They practice asking follow-up questions. They try hard to keep conversations going for two and a half minutes. Presentation of fun essays in a group. Students should pay attention to eye contact, volume of the voice, and fluency.
- (9) Day 9: Students have a speaking test and complete evaluation sheet.

2014 Script for Speaking Test 2: "My Best Memory" My Best Memory and thank you message My best memory. A: Hi, \_\_\_\_\_ B: Hi, A: How are you doing? \*(opener) あいさつから始めよう B: [Pretty good/ I'm OK./ I'm great./ I'm tired,] thanks, and you? \*いろいろな答え方をしてみよう A: [Not bad./ I'm happy./ I'm all right/ I'm sleepy.] So, let's talk about "My best memory." "What is your best memory of Bisai High School?" B: My best memory of Bisai High School is \_\_\_\_\_. "Why did you choose it?" B: I chose because . A: You chose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_because \_\_\_\_\_\_. \*(shadowing)繰り返し Oh, I see./ Sounds fun./ That's great. \*(rejoinders) つなぎ言葉 "What did you ?"/ "When did you ?"/ "Where did you?"/"Who did you?" • • (いくつか Follow-up question をしよう) B: I \_\_\_\_\_ A: You \_\_\_\_\_\_. \*(shadowing)繰り返し That's great./ Sounds wonderful./ Super. \*(rejoinders) つなぎ言葉 "Who do you want to say thank you to ?" B: I want to say thank you to \_\_\_\_\_\_. A: You want to say thank you to \_\_\_\_\_\_. \*(shadowing)繰り返し I understand. / I agree../ Yes, indeed. \*( rejoinders) つなぎ言葉

## A: Nice talking with you!

## B: You, too!





2014 Students' Work Fun Essay: "My Favorite Food"

Pappy a thletic meet Any their best which left which songs, chore og raphy, positions We talked together would began preparing for this from competition best appeared memory Championship an seviously impression NUQS Was and good from the to win 3 sports memoly every body and on me that My Best Memory the festival. gave the of teamoher gained Was me ++ You the most our and because Was fired was ANS in paticlar together op in ions clothes in all vert Very all up. tun. the Vacation competitions. popula We I did a was a cheering 부 eagerly the started 3 was ound # This q skipping best my SP10M made Among them with tough my was me The pink competition rope pink us all friends deciding own last team WOrk the one flowe did

2014 R	ubric fo	r Writing	Assessment
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Categories	Point	Criteria
	7	Student's essay is very interesting, creative, and comprehensible.
	5	Student's essay is interesting and creative but a few parts are unclear.
Content (7 points)	3	Student's essay is interesting but not so creative with unclear expression.
	2	Student's essay is somewhat comprehensible.
	1	The content is too simple and difficult to understand.
	7	Students can write an essay of more than 80 words.
	6	Students can write an essay of more than 70 words.
Length (7 points)	5	Students can write an essay of more than 60 words.
	4	Students can write an essay of more thaan 50 words.
	3	Students can write an essay of 40 words or less.
	4	There are a few grammatical and spelling errors.
Accuracy (4points)	3	There are some grammatical and spelling errors.
	2	There are many grammatical and spelling errors.
Design	2	Pictures and colors are used effectively and attract people.
(2points)	1	Pictures and colors aren't used effectively.
		Total points are / 20

Categories		Points	Criteria
		2	Students can ask 3 questions.
	3 questions	1	Students can ask 1 or 2 questions.
		0	Students can't ask any questions.
		2	Students can answer 3 questions.
Length	3 answers	1	Students can answer 1 or 2 question.
& Content		0	Students can't answer any questions.
(8 points)	<b>-</b> "	2	Students can ask 2 follow-up questions.
	Follow-up question	1	Students can answer 1 follow-up questions.
	question	0	Students can't ask a follow-up question.
	2 minutes	2	Students can keep conversation going for more than 2 minutes.
	30 seconds	1	Students can't keep conversations going for 2 minutes.
	Malumaa	1	Students can speak using a good volume.
	Volume	0	Students can't speak using a good volume.
	Eye	1	Student can make eye contact.
	contact	0	Students can't make eye contact.
Delivery		2	Students can speak fluently.
(6 points)	Fluency	1	Students sometimes have pauses.
		0	Students can't continue their speech.
		2	Students can speak without making mistakes.
	Accuracy	1	Students make a few mistakes.
		0	Students make some mistakes.
	0	2	Students can use both an opener and a closer.
	Opener Closer	1	Students can use either an opener or a closer.
	Olosei	0	Students can't use either an opener nor a closer
Conversation		2	Students can use rejoinders more than twice.
Strategies	Rejoinders	1	Students can use rejoinders.
(6 points)		0	Students can't use rejoinders.
		2	Students can shadow what the partner said many times.
	Shadowing	1	Students can shadow what the partner said.
		0	Students can't shadow what the partner said.
			Total points are / 20

2014 Rubric for Speaking Test.