## Action Research (Final, 2017)

Hiromi Osuka

#### 1. Title: How should we improve Japanese students' communication abilities?

—Effective tasks and group activities in order to excite and impress students

#### 2. Context:

- (1) Level: Junior high school 2nd year students
- (2) Class size: 37~38 students×3 classes
- (3) Time:  $45 \sim 50$  minutes  $\times 4$  classes (per week)

3rd class: a JTE and a sub JTE

1st class: a JTE 2nd class: a JTE

4th class: a JTE and an ALT

- (4) Textbook: New Horizon English Book 2 by Tokyo Shoseki
- (5) Issues:

#### (1) Attitudes

Eighth graders studied English for a year with teachers who mainly used grammar translation methods when they were in the seventh grade. Many students were used to studying English with explanations about the content of main sentences in the textbook. Students liked talking in class, so they couldn't concentrate on studying English.

#### (2) Abilities

Many of the eighth graders didn't try to listen to teachers carefully during classes. There were few high level students and there were a lot of low level students in the eighth grade. Their average English abilities measured lower for the last school year (January, 2016), in comparison with those of other students in our city.

#### (3) English teachers

There were 6 classes in grade 8 this year. There were two main English teachers (A and B) and one sub-teacher C for grade 8. I was main-teacher A and taught 3 classes and sub-teacher C and the ALT visited each class once a week. Teacher B sometimes tried to teach English communicatively, but she preferred more conventional ways of teaching and she hardly made use of handouts I made.

### 3. My goals:

- (1) My first goal is to help my junior high school students acquire communication abilities in English through teaching grammar communicatively.
- (2) My second goal is to work out communication activities which excite and impress students and sub-teacher C.

#### 4. What I did

#### (1) To make English classes more understandable

- a. Promoting reading aloud and writing English sentences which are connected to students' lives
- b. Emphasizing English word order in all English classes using Eigo-nou
- c. Integrating new sentences with ones learned before
- d. Making use of effective pair work and group work (collaborative learning)

#### (2) To make English classes more motivating and effective for students' learning

- a. Using example sentences connected with students' lives
- b. Designing communicative activities that contain input and output activities
- c. Designing communicative activities which stimulate students' interest and motivate students to study more
- d. Improving activities which give students opportunities to practice in realistic

situations

- e. Working out effective tasks which cultivate the four fundamental English skills
- f. Creating worksheets that better enable students to acquire English communication abilities

#### (3) To take measures to improve curriculum design

- a. Modify the required textbook in order to make handouts based on Focus-on-Form
- b. Teaching students grammar communicatively through "Focus-on-Form Instruction (FFI)" and "Task-based Language Teaching (TBLT)".
- c. Reorganizing and regrouping the basic English sentences students have to learn
- d. Collaborating on curriculum with other teachers to produce better results for more students
- e. Exchanging information on how to teach students grammar communicatively by using Focus-on-Form and Task-based Instruction
- f. Making use of speaking tests in order to improve students' speaking abilities

#### 5. Results:

#### (1) English abilities compared with those of other students in our city (January, 2017)

Their average English abilities improved comparing the results in 2016. The students' abilities in Class A measured much higher in comparison with those of other students in our city. Class B showed almost the same average points. Unfortunately, the top class Class C couldn't have the test because of flu.

#### (2) Students' Self-evaluation for English abilities

Analyzing results from the surveys in April, July, and February about 111 students, their self-evaluation for English abilities showed better percent numbers in February. See Appendix.

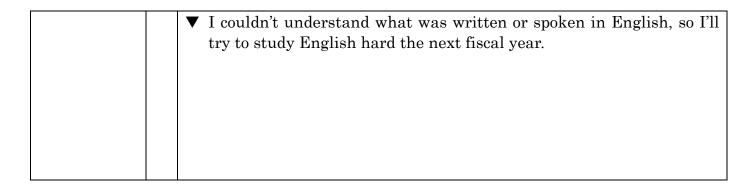
#### (3) Student impressions about English learning

#### ★The analysis of students' comments (the total number out of 111 students)

	April	July	February	
items of English abilities	hopes for English learning	improvement for English learning	improvement for English learning	
1. speaking	13	15	6	
2. listening	3	10	9	
3. reading	20	19	12	
4. writing	13	5	9	
5. vocabulary	20	18	25	
6. key sentences	5	1	7	
7. grammar	7	15	15	
8. self-expression			9	
9. English Japanese	3	6	15	
10. Japanese English			2	
11. keeping conversation	10	21	12	
12. composition	1	8	6	
13. better attitude	6	6	10	
14. reciting	8	<b>2</b>	4	
15. getting good results	11	1	5	
16. pronunciation			3	
17. pair, group activity			6	

	J	<ol> <li>I couldn't talk with my friends in English at all, but I've asked and answered in English somehow.</li> <li>I came to enjoy talking with my friends in English.</li> <li>I came to understand English words and grammar, so I can make English sentences quickly and say them in English.</li> </ol>
《Speaking》	F	<ol> <li>Without model dialogs, I came to talk with my pair in English.</li> <li>I remembered a lot of key sentences, so I came to write various things about myself and talk about them in English.</li> <li>I understood each important grammar point and was able to get power of expression through talking with my friends. Moreover, I came to understand the structure of question sentences, so I was able to try questions and answers correctly.</li> <li>When I tried pair activities, I came to talk longer than before. I want to talk much longer.</li> <li>I've got interested and excited to talk with a foreign English teacher working in my juku.</li> </ol>
	J	<ol> <li>I came to understand what Teacher said in English. Moreover, I came to try activities with eye contact.</li> <li>I came to understand the sentences written in the textbook while listening to CD.</li> </ol>
《Listening》	F	<ol> <li>Listening to English, I came to hear each English word,</li> <li>Listening to English, I came to understand what was spoken.</li> <li>I was not good at listening to English, but it became better.         Moreover, I came to almost understand main sentences in the textbook.     </li> <li>I came to listen to English songs.</li> <li>I came to listen to and understand sentences written in the textbook without looking at the textbook.</li> </ol>
	J	① I was not good at putting English into Japanese, but recently I came to try it more easily than last school year. Moreover, I came to be able to read English sentences in the textbook many times for one minute.
《Reading》	F	<ol> <li>Using phonic symbols, I came to read new words by myself. When I read sentences in the textbook, I came to understand what is written step by step. Using Eigo-nou, I came to put English sentences into Japanese easily.</li> <li>I had a lot of chances to practice reading new words, so I was able to read a lot of English words.</li> <li>Through writing new words in the kotsukotu-noto, I got the ability to read English sentences.</li> <li>I came to almost understand what is written in English as soon as I read English sentences.</li> </ol>
《Writing》 J		<ol> <li>I came to be able to write longer sentences.</li> <li>I came to be able to write a lot of English sentences about myself.</li> <li>It's taken shorter time to say something about myself in English.</li> </ol>
<b>《Writing》</b>	F	<ol> <li>I came to write English words and sentences easily without mistakes more than before. Moreover, I came to put English into Japanese easily.</li> <li>I came to make more English sentences than before. I came to like English.</li> </ol>

③ I came to understand English grammar better and write a lot of English words. ④ I came to write long English sentences. ⑤ I was not good at writing sentences about myself in English, but recently I came to write them step by step. ① I came to try small talk with my friends at the beginning of the class. ② I came to use English at home and play with my family using English. ③ I came to correct friends' mistakes in group. 4 I came to say daily English through English communication activities with my friends. ⑤ I came to use filler such as "well, let's see, um" easily and naturally. J 6 I came to try communication activities more positively than before, and found them fun. (7) We've tried more communicative activities and reading activities, so we've got better communication abilities. ® I was able to speak and use English through thinking by myself. My English communication abilities got better comparing with April. ▼ I came not to understand English, or I cannot get better sores on the term test. ① I improved my reciting and came to understand grammar better. ② I came to understand what is written in the textbook and guess the meaning of new words with the words I have already learned.  $\langle Others \rangle$ ③ I became good at English and got good mark for the term tests. Through the spelling contest, I came to understand words and sentences better. 4 I've enjoyed English since last April and came to write a lot of English words. ⑤ I've got more interested in English than last year. I've tried to remember key sentences in the textbook because they are helpful when I use English. I also try hard to practice pair activities. ⑥ I came to better understand English grammar. T learned a lot of English words and grammar, so I came to express various things about myself in English. 8 I've got good score in English tests. F 9 Talking something in Japanese, I often thought how I should say this in English. ① I came to understand English songs. ① I got more chances to try group or pair activities with my friends. When I listened to English words spoken in TV program, I was very surprised because I was able to understand a lot what was spoken in TV. ③ I enjoyed English classes more than before (last April or July) and I came to join English classes more positively. 4 I enjoyed talking with my friends in English better than last April and came to speak English more fluently. ⑤ I came to join pair or group activities more positively than before. 16 I came to find more English words I understood in English songs, dramas, and movies.  $\mathbf{F}$  $\langle Others \rangle$ @ Before last September, I could understand only half of English sentences in the textbook, but recently I can understand 80 %.



#### 6. What I learned:

- (1) It's difficult for teachers to teach eighth graders not only English but also the other eight subjects, so we needed some strategies to interest and excite them. I've thought that singing cozy and rhythmical songs is useful and effective and makes students study more. Songs which make students want to dance and remember lyrics encourage them to study English harder. If songs have grammar points, it is helpful and exciting for students to study them.
- (2) I had students try "small talk" at the beginning of the class for a year. They had few chances to talk with their friends in English when they were in the seventh grade, so last April many students said, "I came to be able to talk with my partner in English." After four month's trying, this change is the most remarkable. Students need more opportunities to use the English they study, so it's important for teachers to think of how teachers use class time.
- (3) The course of study will be changed in 2020. With this in mind, the revised textbook students use will have more vocabulary than before. JHS students should have studied 1200 words in the ex-textbook. ES students study 600 ~700 words, JHS students study 1600 ~ 1800, and SHS students study 1800 ~ 2500 in the revised textbook. It made eighth graders confused and they didn't have enough time to try communicative activities. Students were at a loss to study a lot of new words and the new usage of words they studied before. Teachers should consider how they help students with understanding and learning new vocabulary.
- (4) Based on Ebbinghaus's "The Forgetting Curve," students will forget what they learned if they are not so interested in it. So Teachers should work out activities they use in classes. I think students should have as many chances to use key sentences they have to study as possible through the activities. Each activity should be connected with other activities.
- (5) Low level students need more pattern practices before they try communicative activities. They need a lot of time to understand activities using new key sentences because they haven't understood the basic grammar points they were to study when they were in the seventh grade. Sometimes mechanical practices are effective for them.

#### 7. Further issues:

(1) Some students didn't like my way of teaching and they prefer the traditional way of teaching. Students took a lot of time to get used to my way of teaching. Moreover, it

took a lot of time to introduce and explain new vocabulary and new meanings of the words students have already learned, so I couldn't find enough time to have students try out-put activities. Considering time management, I have to make the handouts which have more well-balanced in-put and out-put activities.

- (2) I tried to make many kinds of activities which interest and excite students, but some activities I made were not so effective or difficult for some of the eighth graders of this year. The activities did not motivate the students to study more. I have to make the activities more useful and effective.
- (3) There were few high level students, several low level students, and a few average students in each class. I had to make use of pair and group activities, but it was not so effective to use pair activities. I thought it was appropriate to use group activities which have one high level student at least because he/she can correct the other member's mistakes and it would be close to ideal collaborative learning.
- (4) I think I was able to improve high level students' abilities and motivation to study more, but I couldn't improve the motivation of low level students and students who don't like English. I tried to make use of English songs they would like, but it was not so effective for such students. This is a big problem I need to study and solve.

## A Lesson Plan (March, 2017)

Name( Hiromi Osuka )

- 1. Level: Junior High School second year students
- 2. Class size: 3 classes with 37 ~38 students
- 3. Textbook: New Horizon English Course Book 2 (Tokyo Shoseki):

Unit 7 "A Movie Dolphin Tale"

- 4: Goal: 1. Students are able to describe their lives using comparatives and superlatives.
  - 2. Students are able to talk with their friends using comparatives and superlatives

#### 5. Objectives

Language Function:

To have students understand the usage of comparatives and superlatives

Communicative Function:

To have students talk about their lives using comparatives and superlatives

#### 6. Procedure

(1) Day one: Unit 7-1 Starting Out &

### Communicative Activity "I'm taller than you! (33")

- ① Listen to the song "We are" and practice the lyrics
- 2 2-minute small talk for warm-up
- ③ Practice new words in "Starting Out"
- 4 In-put Activity "I'm taller than you! (33" (Step1~3)
- ⑤ Listen to the CD while looking at the picture card about "Starting Out"
- ⑥ Comprehension Check of "Starting Out"
- 7 Check "eigo-nou print."

8 Read a. Model reading b. Group reading c. Pair reading d. Individual reading
(2) Day two: Unit 7-1 Starting Out &
Communicative Activity "I'm taller than you! 33"
① Listen to the song "We are" and practice the lyrics
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Starting Out"
4 Out-put Activity "I'm taller than you! (33" Noticing, Step 4 & 5)
5 Self-evaluation for the communicative activities
© Take notes for new key sentences in "Starting Out"
7 Try "Basic practice, Listen, Write" to page 104
8 Practice new words from "Dialog" to page 105
(3) Day three: Unit 7-2 Dialog &
Communicative Activity "English is more difficult than math! 34")
① Listen to the song "We are" and practice the lyrics
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Starting Out" for 1 minute
4 Input Activity "English is more difficult than math! $(34)$ " (Step 1 ~ 3, Noticing)
⑤ Listen to the CD while looking at the picture card about Unit 7-2 "Dialog"
© Comprehension Check of "Dialog"
7 Check "eigo-nou print."
8 Read a. Model reading b. Group reading c. Pair reading d. Individual reading
(4) Day four: Unit 7-2 Dialog &
Communicative Activity "English is more difficult than math! (34")
① Listen to the song "We are" and practice the lyrics
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Dialog" for 1 minute
④ Out-put Activity "English is more difficult than math(34)" (Step 4 & 5)
Self-evaluation for the communicative activities
⑥ Take notes for new key sentences in Unit 7-2 "Dialog"
7 Try "Basic practice, Speak, Write" to page 103
8 Practice new words in Unit 7-3 "Read and Think 1" (p. 104)
(5) Day five: Unit 7-3 Read and Think 1 &
Communicative Activities "Ben is my best friend! 35"
① Sing the song "We are"
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Dialog" for 1 minute
4 In-put Activities "Ben is my best friend! (35") (Step $1 \sim 3$ )
5 Listen to the CD while looking at the picture card
about Unit 7-3 "Read and Think 1 to page 104"
$\textcircled{6}$ Comprehension Check of "Read and Think $\fbox{1}$ " using $ ext{Q}$ and $ ext{A}$
7 Check "eigo-nou print."
8 Read a. Model reading b. Group reading c. Pair reading d. Individual reading

(6) Day six: Unit 7-3 Read and Think 1 &
Communicative Activities "Ben is my best friend! (35)
① Sing the song "We are"
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Unit 7-3" for 1 minute
4 Out-put Activity "Ben is my best friend! 35" (Noticing, Step 4 & 5)
Self-evaluation for the communicative activities
6 Take notes for new key sentences in Unit 7-3 "Read and Think 1"
7 Try "Basic practice, Read" to page 105
8 Practice new words in Unit 7-4 "Read and Think 2" (p. 106)
(7) Day seven: Unit 7-4 Read and Think 2 &
Communicative Activities "Ben is as cool as Masaki 36"
① Sing the song "We are"
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Read and Think 2" for 1 minute
4 In-put Activities "Ben is as cool as Masaki! $36$ " (Step $1 \sim 3$ )
5 Listen to the CD while looking at the picture card
about Unit 7-4 "Read and Think 2 to page 106"
$\textcircled{6}$ Comprehension Check of "Read and Think $\fbox{2}$ " using $ ext{Q}$ and $ ext{A}$
7 Check "eigo-nou print."
8 Read a. Model reading b. Group reading c. Pair reading d. Individual reading
(8) Day eight: Unit 7-4 Read and Think 2 &
Communicative Activities "Ben is as cool as Masaki! (36)
① Sing the song "We are"
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Unit 7-4" for 1 minute
④ Out-put Activity "Ben is as cool as Masaki! 36") (Noticing, Step 4 & 5)
5 Self-evaluation for the communicative activities
© Take notes for new key sentences in Unit 7-4 "Read and Think 2"
7 Try "Basic practice, Read" to page 107
(9) Day nine: Unit 7-5 Activity 1, Activity 2, and "Let's try a quiz! 31"
① Sing the song "We are"
② 2-minute small talk for warm-up
③ Review reading of "Read and Think 1" for 1 minute
4 Review reading of "Read and Think $2$ " for 1 minute
$\boxed{5}$ Try Activity $\boxed{1}$
⑥ Try Activity 2
⑦ "Let's try a quiz! <b>37</b> "

## Unit 7-2 The Movie Dolphin Tale — Dialog (pp. 102-103)

* English	is mo	re diffic	ult thai	n math!(	D) * (34)
		Class	) No (	) Name/	

· English is more		) No.(	) Name(		)
1. 次の絵を見ながら、先生の言う んなことを話しているのでしょう					یے
<ul><li>(1) 私にとって、数学は理科より 私にとって英語は(</li><li>(2) 私にとって、ハンバーガー ライスより(</li></ul>	)難 -よりカレーラ	しい。	語は数学より	( )。ピザはカレ )。	)。 ,_
(1)	A . 8 . C	(2)			
<ul> <li>2. 次の文の( )の中からるまで何回も練習しましょう。</li> <li>(1) Math is ( difficult, more difficult, more</li></ul>	ifficult, the n	most difficult e most diffic	t ) than scier rult ) than m	nce for me. ath for me.	え
<ul><li>(4) Curry and rice is ( delicious</li><li>(5) Pizza is ( delicious, more</li><li>(6) Pizza is ( delicious, more</li></ul>	delicious, the	e most delic	cious ) than o	curry and rice.	rs.
(7) <i>DRAGON BALL</i> is ( popula (8) <i>DRAGON BALL</i> is ( popula	ir, more popi	ular, the mo	st popular )	than <i>NARUTO</i> .	
(9) AKB 48 is (famous, more (10) AKB 48 is (famous, more	e famous, th	e most famo	ous ) <u>of all tl</u>	<u>ne groups</u> .	
<ul><li>(11) Science is (interesting, n</li><li>(12) Science is (interesting, mo</li></ul>	re interesting	, the most in	teresting <u>) of</u>	nine subjects.	h.
(13) Computers are ( useful, r (14) Computers are ( useful, r	-		-	-	
(15) This movie is ( wonderful, n (16) This movie is ( wonderful		-	_		
3. 次の英文の質問に該当するある	またの答えを(	( ) σ.	中に書きなさ	٢٠١٥	
<ul> <li>(1) Which is more difficult for y</li> <li>(2) What is the most difficult set</li> <li>(3) Which is more exciting for y</li> <li>(4) What is the most exciting set</li> <li>(5) Who is more beautiful for y</li> <li>(6) Who is the most beautiful set</li> <li>(7) What is the most delicious fer</li> </ul>	ubject for yo you, basebal <u>port</u> for you? ou, Hirose Su <u>inger</u> for you	u?   or soccer?   uzu or Araga   ?	ıki Yui?	( ( ( ( (	) ) ) ) ) )

4.グループで、例文 《Ex.》A: I think	でように会記 that socce baseball is	きをして次の項目 er is <u>the mos</u> t <u>he most ex</u>	目に当てはまる t exciting s	る事柄が何であっ port. How a	
《Ex.》A: I think B: ★Uh, I A: ★★Oh  1. ( 1. the most exciting sport 2. the most interesting book 3. the most wonderful movie 4. the most difficult subject 5. the most useful thing	that socce baseball is n, I see.	er is <u>the mos</u> t <u>he most ex</u>	t exciting s citing sport	<u>port</u> . How a <u>t</u> for me.	about you?  ★ Um, Well, ★★ Sounds good
1. the most exciting sport 2. the most interesting book 3. the most wonderful movie 4. the most difficult subject 5. the most useful thing	あ な た )	2.	3.	4.	Oh, really?
exciting sport  2. the most interesting book  3. the most wonderful movie  4. the most difficult subject  5. the most useful thing					
2. the most interesting book 3. the most wonderful movie 4. the most difficult subject 5. the most useful thing					
3. the most wonderful movie 4. the most difficult subject 5. the most useful thing					
4. the most difficult subject 5. the most useful thing					Ⅎ
useful thing					
6. the most					
important thing					
5. 次の英文が表わる	す内容につい	1て同意するな	ら〇、同意	しないなら×を	を書きなさい。
(1) <i>Kinkaku-ji</i> is <u>r</u> (2) Money is <u>more</u>			<del>-</del>		(
(3) Blue skies are				anas	(
(4) Personal comp (5) Money is the r			пан сепри	101163.	( )
(5) Life is the mos	<u>st importa</u>	<u>nt</u> for us.			( )
自己評価	_	Class(	) <b>No</b> .(	) Name(	
評価項目		自己評価	7	)感想・気がつ(	たこと・分かったこと
1 Eye Contact アイ・ 2 Voice 適度な		$\frac{A \cdot B \cdot C}{A \cdot B \cdot C}$	4行以上		
<b>3</b> Attitude 取り組みの創	な声の大きさ	$A \cdot B \cdot C$			
4 Understanding 活動		$A \cdot B \cdot C$			
more や most を使った					
上 収 収 と 取 .	上級の使い方				
6 ★Filler (つなぎこと 7 ★★Reaction(反	2.0.7	$\frac{A \cdot B \cdot C}{A \cdot B \cdot C}$			

# Appendix **2016 英語力自己診断** 組( )番号( )氏名(

*	どの	くらいの英語が使えますか? (英語力診断基準)	April (1年)	July	February
	1	ペアで話す時、ほとんど話せない	12.5	4.8	2.7
話	2	ペアで話す時、20秒くらいは話せる	33.7	23.1	14.4
す	3	ペアで話す時、40秒くらいは話せる	34.6	27.9	28.8
カ	4	ペアで話す時、少しつかえるが1分間話せる	16.3	32.7	42.3
	5	ペアで話す時、 <b>つかえずに1分間話が続く</b>	2.9	11.5	11.7
	1	ペアで話した内容及び教科書のCDが、ほとんどわからない	8.7	5.8	3.6
聞	2	ペアで話した内容及び教科書のCDが、 <b>3割くらいわかる</b>	20.2	16.3	13.5
<	3	ペアで話した内容及び教科書のCDが、 <b>半分くらいわかる</b>	28.8	37.5	29.7
カ	4	ペアで話した内容及び教科書のCDが、 <b>7割くらいわかる</b>	26.9	27.9	31.5
	5	ペアで話した内容及び教科書のCDが、 <b>ほぼわかる</b>	15.4	12.5	21.6
	1	友だちが書いた英文 (日記・スピーチなど) や教科書の本文が、 <b>ほとんどわからない</b>	7.7	4.8	3.6
読	2	友だちが書いた英文 (日記・スピーチなど) や教科書の本文が、 <b>3割くらいわかる</b>	21.2	20.2	14.4
む	3	友だちが書いた英文 (日記・スピーチなど) や教科書の本文が、 <b>半分わかる</b>	26.0	30.8	25.2
カ	4	友だちが書いた英文 (日記・スピーチなど) や教科書の本文が、 <b>7割わかる</b>	31.7	29.8	32.4
	5	友だちが書いた英文 (日記・スピーチなど) や教科書の本文が、 <b>ほぼわかる</b>	13.5	14.4	24.3
	1	7つ以上のまとまりのある作文 (日記・スピーチなど) が、 <b>ほとんど書けない</b>	10.6	9.6	7.2
書	2	7つ以上のまとまりのある作文 (日記・スピーチなど) が、1-2文しか書けない	26.0	23.1	17.1
<	3	7つ以上のまとまりのある作文 (日記・スピーチなど) が、 3 - 4 文なら書ける	36.5	37.5	33.3
力	4	7つ以上のまとまりのある作文(日記・スピーチなど)が、5-6文なら書ける	17.3	19.2	26.1
	5	7つ以上のまとまりのある作文(日記・スピーチなど)が、7文以上書ける	9.6	10.6	16.2
	1	教科書の既習の基本文が、 <b>まったく</b> 分からない	6.7	4.8	3.6
文の	2	教科書の既習の基本文を、 <b>少し</b> 理解できる	22.1	18.3	13.5
き	3	教科書の既習の基本文は、 <b>半分くらい</b> 理解している	26.0	32.7	18.9
ま	4	教科書の既習の基本文は、 <b>だいたい</b> 理解している	38.5	36.5	43.2
ŋ	5	教科書の既習の基本文は <b>よく</b> 理解しており、文のきまりには <b>自信がある</b>	7.7	7.7	20.7
2	1	ペアで話す時、ほとんど話せない	12.5	8.7	5.4
分	2	ペアで話す時、 <b>30秒くらいは話せる</b>	41.3	24.0	12.6
間	3	ペアで話す時、1分間くらいは話せる	32.7	38.5	46.9
会	4	ペアで話す時、少しつかえるが 2 分間話せる	11.5	25.0	27.0
話	5	ペアで話す時、 <b>つかえずに2分間話が続く</b>	1.9	3.8	8.1
授	1	英語の授業は、ほとんどわからない	3.8	3.8	3.6
業	2	英語の授業は、少しわかる	17.3	17.3	11.7
の	3	英語の授業は、 <b>半分くらいわかる</b>	28.8	37.5	19.8
理	4	英語の授業は、 <b>7割くらいわかる</b>	30.8	24.0	38.7
解	5	英語の授業は、 <b>ほぼわかる</b>	19.2	17.3	26.1
授	1	楽しくなかった	4.8	4.8	6.3
業	2	あまり楽しくなかった	7.7	11.5	7.2
の	3	どちらでもない・普通	34.6	33.7	18.9
感	4	まあまあ楽しかった	26.9	26.9	38.3
想	5	楽しかった	26.0	23.1	34.2
英	1	大嫌いである	10.6	9.6	6.3
語	2	少し嫌いである	22.1	23.1	14.4
の	3	どちらでもない・普通	25.0	27.9	20.7
感	4	まあまあ好きである	26.9	26.9	36.0
想	5	大好きである	15.4	12.5	22.5

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				1		
1	自分の英	語力・態度について、当ては	まる項目に○をつけてください。	April (1年)	July	February
1	教科書	やワークの英文等を <b>すばやく</b> 記	<b>売め、理解できる</b> と感じますか。	37.5	37.5	49.6
2	基本文を使ったコミュニケーション <b>活動を理解</b> していますか。			61.5	71.2	80.2
3	基本文を使ったコミュニケーション活動に <b>積極的に参加</b> していますか。			62.5	73.1	79.3
4	英語を何	吏った友だちとのコミュニケー	ション活動は「楽しい」ですか。	78.8	71.2	79.3
5	友だち	との活動は「基本文(文のき)	<b>まり)習得」</b> に役立っていますか。	63.5	67.3	76.6
6	友だちと		<b>続む・書く)向上</b> 」に役立っていますか。	53.8	66.3	80.2
7	基本文			38.5	49.0	56.8
8	基本文法			36.5	52.9	58.6
9		 吏って <b>コミュニケーション</b> す	50.0	60.6	78.4	
10			<b>活動は必要」</b> であると思いますか。	86.5	85.6	86.5
2 2			ヽる活動に○をつけてください。	April (1年)	July	February
1		読み方、意味の確認	O I A DO TO	74.0	74.0	82.9
2		の確認・応用練習		57.7	57.7	72.1
3	教科書	の本文を、先生の後につい	て音読練習をする	84.6	86.5	88.3
4	教科書	の本文を、CDの後についっ	てオバーラピングして読む	40.4	46.2	68.5
5	教科書	の本文を、CDの後につい	15.4	27.9	39.6	
6	教科書	の本文を1分間(2分間)	49.0	67.3	62.2	
7	教科書	の本文を暗唱する	31.7	39.4	47.8	
8	,				38.5	37.8
9	英語脳プリントを使って英語の語順を意識して内容を理解する				51.9	67.6
10					73.1	77.5
11					60.6	62.2
12			79.8	82.7	92.8	
13		歌を歌う	55.8	78.8	92.8	
14 15		の友達とのペア・ワーク  の友達とのグループ活動	74.0	79.8	82.9	
16			70.2	77.9	90.1	
17		英文を直しあう シートを使った <b>各 Unit の</b> :	フミューケーション活動	6.7 63.5	32.7 56.7	45.1 75.7
18		ン・トを使った <b>母 Omt めっ</b> D先生と <b>トピックについて話す</b>		74.0	70.2	81.1
		「2年生の英語学習」		. 2.0		
	4月	の目標は?				
19	7月	英語の力についてどのよう な変化がありましたか。で きるようになったことを具 体的に書いてください。				
	2月	英語の力についてどのよう な変化がありましたか。で きるようになったことを具 体的に書いてください。				
20	スピー	キングテストの感想	/			
			/			